STATE OF OKLAHOMA

1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2051

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By: Stinson and Archer of the

House

and

Thompson of the Senate

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COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

An Act relating to the practice of medicine; creating the Supervised Physicians Act; providing short title; defining terms; limiting scope of supervised physician practice; specifying applicability of supervision requirements; directing the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision to promulgate certain rules; specifying duration of licensure; authorizing certain penalties for noncompliance with specified standards; specifying allowed professional titles; making supervising physician responsible for supervised physicians; requiring collaborative practice arrangement within specified time period; stipulating requirements for supervising physician and collaborative practice arrangement; requiring arrangement to include certain provisions; directing promulgation of additional rules; imposing certain limits on collaborative practice arrangements; prohibiting certain disciplinary actions under certain circumstances; providing for identification and reporting of supervising physicians; providing for publication and tracking of certain information; granting certain protections to supervising physicians and supervised physicians; requiring certain identification badges; requiring completion of certification course; specifying applicability of collaborative practice agreements; amending 59 O.S. 2021, Sections 492 and 622, which relate to physician licensure; creating certain exemptions from licensure; providing certain construction; specifying

duration of exemptions; authorizing certain agreements; directing promulgation of rules; updating statutory reference; updating statutory language; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.1 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Sections 1 through 11 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the "Supervised Physicians Act".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.2 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in the Supervised Physicians Act:

- 1. "Medical school graduate" means any person who has graduated from a legally chartered medical school recognized by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, or from a school of osteopathic medicine as defined in Section 631 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
 - 2. "Supervised physician" means a medical school graduate who:
 - a. is a resident and citizen of the United States,
 - b. has successfully completed Step 1 and Step 2 of the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE),

or the equivalent of Step 1 and Step 2 of any other medical licensing examination or combination of examinations that is approved by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, within the same calendar year as the person's graduation from a medical school or school of osteopathic medicine,

- c. has successfully graduated from an Oklahoma medical school with a doctorate of medicine or a doctorate of osteopathic medicine; notwithstanding any other provisions of the Supervised Physicians Act, this subparagraph is the controlling provision for the location of the medical school the supervised physician may be a graduate of, and
- d. has entered into a supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement as defined in paragraph 3 of this section;
- 3. "Supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement"
 means an agreement between an Oklahoma licensed supervising
 physician and a supervised physician in good standing that meets the
 requirements of the Supervised Physicians Act; and
- 4. "Supervising physician" means the physician tasked with overseeing or delegating the activities of the medical services rendered by a supervised physician through a practice agreement

between a supervising physician performing procedures or directly or indirectly involved with the treatment of a patient, and the supervised physician working jointly toward a common goal of providing services. Delegation shall be defined by the practice arrangement. The physical presence of the delegating physician is not required as long as the supervising physician and supervised physician are or can be easily in contact with each other by telecommunication. At all times a supervised physician shall be considered an agent of the supervising physician. The supervising physician shall meet the following criteria:

- a. have possession of a full and unrestricted Oklahoma
 license to practice medicine, with United States Drug
 Enforcement Administration (DEA) and Oklahoma State
 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control
 (OBNDD) permits, and
- b. be trained and fully qualified in the field of the supervised physician's specialty.
- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.3 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Supervised physicians shall be subject to the supervision requirements established in any controlling federal law, any supervision requirements provided in the Supervised Physicians Act, and any supervision requirements established by the State Board of

- Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners. Supervised physicians are not subject to any additional supervision requirements, other than the supervision requirements provided in this section.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.4 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision and the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall independently promulgate rules, with the input and assistance of designated institutional officers and graduate medical education departments at the state's medical schools:
- 1. To establish the process for temporary licensure of supervised physicians, supervision requirements, and additional requirements for supervised physician collaborative practice arrangements;
- 2. To set fees in an amount greater than or equal to the total costs necessary to facilitate the supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement each year; and
- 3. To address any other matters necessary to protect the public and discipline the profession.
- B. A supervised physician's temporary license issued pursuant to the Supervised Physicians Act and the rules promulgated by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board

of Osteopathic Examiners shall only be valid for two (2) years from the date of the supervised physician's medical school graduation and is not subject to renewal. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners may deny an application for temporary licensure or suspend or revoke the temporary license of a supervised physician for violation of the standards provided in the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act or the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act, or such other standards of conduct established by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners by rule.

- C. The Supervised Physicians Act shall not be construed to be an alternative pathway to full licensure. The license created in the Supervised Physicians Act shall only be temporary for the amount of time allowed in the Supervised Physicians Act.
- SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.5 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A supervised physician shall clearly identify himself or herself as a supervised physician and shall clearly be identified as a supervised physician on his or her name tag or lab coat. A supervised physician shall not practice, or attempt to practice, without a supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement, except as otherwise provided in the Supervised Physicians Act.

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.6 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The licensed supervising physician collaborating with a supervised physician shall be responsible for directly supervising the activities of the supervised physician and shall accept full responsibility for the services provided by the supervised physician.

SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.7 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. The Supervised Physicians Act applies to all supervised physician collaborative practice arrangements. To be eligible to practice as a supervised physician, a temporary licensed supervised physician shall enter into a supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement with a supervising physician by the end of the calendar year of his or her graduation from medical school and no later than thirty (30) days after the date on which the supervised physician obtains initial licensure.
- B. Only a physician licensed by the State Board of Medical
 Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic
 Examiners may enter into a supervised physician collaborative
 practice arrangement with a supervised physician. Supervised
 physician collaborative practice arrangements shall take the form of

a written agreement that includes mutually agreed-upon protocols and any standing orders for the delivery of services. Supervised physician collaborative practice arrangements may delegate to a supervised physician the authority to prescribe, administer, or dispense drugs and provide treatment, as long as the delivery of the services is within the scope of the supervising physician's practice and is consistent with the supervised physician's skill, training, and competence and the skill, training, and competence of the supervising physician; except that a supervised physician shall not prescribe controlled dangerous substances. The supervising physician shall be board-certified in the specialty that the supervised physician is practicing.

- C. The supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement shall contain the following provisions:
- 1. Complete names, home and business addresses, and telephone numbers of the supervising physician and the supervised physician;
- 2. A requirement that the supervised physician practice at the same location as the supervising physician;
- 3. A requirement to prominently display a disclosure statement at the practice location informing patients that they may be seen by a supervised physician and advising patients that they have the right to see the supervising physician;
- 4. All specialty or board certifications of the supervising physician and all certifications of the supervised physician;

5. The manner of collaboration between the supervising physician and the supervised physician, including how the supervising physician and the supervised physician will engage in collaborative practice consistent with each professional's skill, training, education, and competence;

- 6. A requirement that the supervised physician shall not provide patient care during an absence of the supervising physician for any reason;
- 7. A list of all other supervised physician collaborative practice arrangements of the supervising physician and the supervised physician;
- 8. The duration of the supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement between the supervising physician and the supervised physician; and
- 9. A provision describing the time and manner of the supervising physician's review of the supervised physician's delivery of services. The provision shall require that the supervising physician shall review one hundred percent (100%) of the charts documenting the supervised physician's delivery of services.
- D. A copy of the supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement shall be kept at the business address of the supervising physician and the supervised physician. Copies of the arrangement shall be provided upon request.

SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.8 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision and the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall independently promulgate rules regulating the use of supervised physician collaborative practice arrangements for supervised physicians. The rules shall:
- 1. Specify the methods of treatment that may be covered by the supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement; and
- 2. Require review of the services provided under a supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement.
- B. A supervising physician may enter into a supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement with not more than three supervised physicians at the same time, subject to any other laws or rules of this state that address limits on supervision.
- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.9 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Within thirty (30) days of any change to a supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement, including the initial practice arrangement, a supervised physician and a supervising physician shall report to the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners whether the physician is engaged in a supervised physician collaborative

practice arrangement, and shall report to the physician's licensing board the name of each supervised physician with whom the physician has entered into an arrangement. Each board may make the information available to the public. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision and the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall track the reported information and may routinely conduct reviews or inspections to ensure that the arrangements are being carried out in compliance with the Supervised Physicians Act. Copies of the supervised practice arrangements shall be provided upon request of the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners. Copies shall be stored at the business address of the supervising physician and the supervised physician.

B. A contract or other agreement shall not require a physician to act as a supervising physician for a supervised physician against the physician's will. A physician has the right to refuse to act as a supervising physician, without penalty, for a particular supervised physician. A contract or other agreement shall not limit the supervising physician's authority over any protocols or standing orders, or delegate the physician's authority to a supervised physician. However, this subsection does not authorize a physician in implementing protocols, standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable standards for safe medical practice established by a hospital's medical staff.

C. A contract or other agreement shall not require a supervised physician to serve as a supervised physician for any supervising physician against the supervised physician's will. A supervised physician has the right to refuse to collaborate, without penalty, with a particular physician.

- D. All supervising physicians and supervised physicians under a supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement shall wear identification badges while acting within the scope of the arrangement. The identification badges shall prominently display the licensure status of the supervising physician and the supervised physician.
- SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.10 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. The supervising physician shall complete a certification course, which may include material on the laws pertaining to the professional relationship. The certification course shall be approved by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners.
- B. A supervised physician collaborative practice arrangement shall supersede current hospital licensing regulations governing hospital medication orders under protocols or standing orders for the purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital as defined in Section 1-701 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma

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Statutes, if the protocols or standing orders have been approved by
the hospital's medical staff and pharmaceutical therapeutics
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SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.11 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The provisions of the Supervised Physicians Act only apply to inpatient hospital settings in facilities that are accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education.

SECTION 12. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2021, Section 492, is amended to read as follows:

Section 492. A. Every person shall be regarded as practicing allopathic medicine within the meaning and provisions of this act the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act, who shall append to his or her name the letters "M.D.", "Physician", or any other title, letters, or designation which represent that such person is a physician, or who shall for a fee or any form of compensation diagnose and/or treat disease, injury, or deformity of persons in this state by any allopathic legend drugs, surgery, manual, or mechanical treatment unless otherwise authorized by law.

B. A hospital, as defined in Section 1-701 of Title 63 of the

Oklahoma Statutes, or a related institution as such terms are

defined in Section 1-701 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, which

1 has the principal purpose or function of providing hospital or medical care, including, but not limited to, any corporation, 2 association, trust, or other organization organized and operated for 3 such purpose, may employ one or more persons who are duly licensed 5 to practice medicine in this state without being regarded as itself practicing medicine within the meaning and provisions of this 6 section. The employment by the hospital or related institution of 7 any person who is duly licensed to practice medicine in this state 9 shall not, in and of itself, be considered as an act of unprofessional conduct by the person so employed. Nothing provided 10 herein shall eliminate, limit, or restrict the liability for any act 11 or failure to act of any hospital, any hospital's employees, or 12 persons duly licensed to practice medicine. 13

C. The definition of the practice of medicine and surgery shall include, but is not limited to:

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- 1. Advertising, holding out to the public, or representing in any manner that one is authorized to practice medicine and surgery in this state;
- 2. Any offer or attempt to prescribe, order, give, or administer any drug or medicine and surgery for the use of any other person, except as otherwise authorized by law;
 - 3. a. any Any offer or attempt, except as otherwise authorized by law, to prevent, diagnose, correct, or treat in any manner or by any means, methods, devises,

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or instrumentalities except for manual manipulation any disease, illness, pain, wound, fracture, infirmity, defect, or abnormal physical or mental condition of any person, including the management of pregnancy and parturition, except as otherwise authorized by law,

- b. except Except as provided in subsection D of this section, performance by a person within or outside of this state, through an ongoing regular arrangement, of diagnostic or treatment services, including, but not limited to, stroke prevention and treatment, through electronic communications for any patient whose condition is being diagnosed or treated within this state by a physician duly licensed and practicing in this state. A person who performs any of the functions covered by this subparagraph submits himself or herself to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state for the purposes of any cause of action resulting from the functions performed, and
- c. nothing Nothing in the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act shall be construed to affect or give jurisdiction to the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision over any

person other than medical doctors or persons holding themselves out as medical doctors;

- 4. Any offer or attempt to perform any surgical operation upon any person, except as otherwise authorized by law; and
- 5. The use of the title Doctor of Medicine, Physician, Surgeon, Physician and Surgeon, Dr., M.D., or any combination thereof in the conduct of any occupation or profession pertaining to the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of human disease or condition unless, where appropriate, such a designation additionally contains the description of another branch of the healing arts for which one holds a valid license in this state.
- D. The practice of medicine and surgery, as defined in this section, shall not include:
- 1. A student while engaged in training in a medical school approved by the Board or while engaged in graduate medical training under the supervision of the medical staff of a hospital or other health care facility approved by the state medical board for such training, except that a student engaged in graduate medical training shall hold a license issued by the Board for such training;
- 2. Any person who provides medical treatment in cases of emergency where no fee or other consideration is contemplated, charged, or received;
- 3. A commissioned medical officer of the $\frac{\text{Armed}}{\text{Forces}}$ Armed Forces of the United States or medical officer of the United States

Public Health Service or the <u>United States</u> Department of Veterans

Affairs of the <u>United States</u> in the discharge of official duties

and/or within federally controlled facilities; and provided that

such person shall be fully licensed to practice medicine and surgery

in one or more jurisdictions of the United States; provided further

that such person who holds a medical license in this state shall be

subject to the provisions of the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and

Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act;

4. Any person licensed under any other act when properly practicing in the healing art for which that person is duly licensed;

- 5. The practice of those who endeavor to prevent or cure disease or suffering by spiritual means or prayer;
- 6. Any person administering a domestic or family remedy to a member of such person's own family;
- 7. Any person licensed to practice medicine and surgery in another state or territory of the United States who renders emergency medical treatment or briefly provides critical medical service at the specific lawful direction of a medical institution or federal agency that assumes full responsibility for that treatment or service and is approved by the Board;
- 8. Any person who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery in another state or territory of the United States whose sole purpose and activity is limited to brief actual consultation with a

specific physician who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery
by the Board, other than a person with a special or restricted
license; or

- 9. The practice of any other person as licensed by appropriate agencies of this state, provided that such duties are consistent with the accepted standards of the person's profession and the person does not represent himself or herself as a Doctor of Medicine, Physician, Surgeon, Physician and Surgeon, Dr., M.D., or any combination thereof.
- E. Nothing in the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act shall prohibit:
- 1. The service rendered by a physician's unlicensed trained assistant, if such service is rendered under the supervision and control of a licensed physician pursuant to Board rules, provided such rules are not in conflict with the provisions of any other healing arts licensure act or rules promulgated pursuant to such act; or
- 2. The service of any other person duly licensed or certified by the state to practice the healing arts.
- F. Nothing in the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical
 Licensure and Supervision Act shall prohibit services rendered by
 any person not licensed by the Board and practicing any
 nonallopathic healing practice.

G. Nothing in the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act shall be construed as to require a physician to secure a Maintenance of Certification (MOC) as a condition of licensure, reimbursement, employment, or admitting privileges at a hospital in this state. For the purposes of this subsection, "Maintenance of Certification (MOC)" shall mean a continuing education program measuring core competencies in the practice of medicine and surgery and approved by a nationally-recognized nationally recognized accrediting organization.

- H. 1. A physician licensed in good standing to practice in another state shall be exempt from the licensure requirements of the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act if either of the following apply:
 - a. the physician has a written or oral agreement with a sports team to provide care to team members and coaching staff traveling with the team for a specific sporting event to take place in this state, or
 - b. the physician has been invited by a national sport governing body to provide services to team members and coaching staff at a national sport training center in this state or to provide services at an event or competition in this state which is sanctioned by the national sport governing body so long as:

1		(1)	the physician's practice is limited to that
2			required by the national sport governing body,
3			<u>and</u>
4		(2)	the services provided by the physician are within
5			the physician's scope of practice.
6	2. Nothi	ng in	this subsection shall be construed as to permit a
7	physician exempt by the provisions of this subsection to:		
8	<u>a.</u>	prov	ide care or consultation to any person residing in
9		this	state, other than a person specified in paragraph
10		<u>1 of</u>	this subsection, or
11	<u>b.</u>	prac	tice at a medical facility licensed by the State
12		Depa	rtment of Health.
13	3. An ex	kempti	on obtained under subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of
14	this subsecti	on sh	all be valid while the physician is traveling with
15	the sports to	eam, p	rovided no exemption shall be longer than ten (10)
16	days in durat	ion f	or each respective sporting event. A maximum of
17	twenty (20) additional days per sporting event may be granted upon		
18	prior request to the State Board of Medical Licensure and		
19	Supervision, provided no physician shall be exempted more than		
20	thirty (30) additional days in a calendar year.		
21	4. An ex	kempti	on obtained under subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of
22	this subsection shall be valid during the time certified by the		
23	national sport governing body, provided no exemption shall be for		
24	longer than t	hirty	(30) days.

5. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision may enter into agreements with medical licensing boards of other states to implement the provisions of this subsection. Agreements may include procedures for reporting potential medical license violations.

6. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.

SECTION 13. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2021, Section 622, is amended to read as follows:

Section 622. A. 1. Except as otherwise provided by this section, it shall be unlawful for any person to practice as an osteopathic physician and surgeon in this state, without a license to do so, issued by the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners; provided, that any license or certificate issued under the laws of this state, authorizing its holder to practice osteopathic medicine, shall remain in full force and effect. Persons who hold themselves out as osteopathic physicians in this state without a license issued by the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners.

2. Osteopathic physicians engaged in postgraduate training beyond the internship year, also known as PGY-1, shall be licensed. Osteopathic physicians engaged in the internship or PGY-1 year may be eligible for a resident training license.

3. Osteopathic physicians engaged in interventional pain management pursuant to the Oklahoma Interventional Pain Management and Treatment Act shall be licensed by the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners.

- B. 1. A person within or outside of this state who performs through electronic communications diagnostic or treatment services within the scope of practice of an osteopathic physician and surgeon, including, but not limited to, stroke prevention and treatment, for any patient whose condition is being diagnosed or treated within this state shall be licensed in this state, pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act.

 However, in such cases, a nonresident osteopathic physician who, while located outside this state, consults on an irregular basis with a physician who is located in this state is not required to be licensed in this state.
- 2. Any osteopathic physician licensed in this state who engages in the prescription of drugs, devices, or treatments via electronic means may do so only in the context of an appropriate physician-patient relationship wherein a proper patient record is maintained including, at the minimum, a current history and physical.
- 3. Any commissioned medical officer of the armed forces Armed

 Forces of the United States or medical officer of the United States

 Public Health Service or the Veterans Administration of the United

States Department of Veterans Affairs, in the discharge of official duties and/or within federally controlled facilities, who is fully licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery in one or more jurisdictions of the United States shall not be required to be licensed in this state pursuant to the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act, unless the person already holds an osteopathic medical license in this state pursuant to the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act. In such case, the medical officer shall be subject to the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act.

- 4. A person who performs any of the functions covered by this subsection submits themselves to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state for the purposes of any cause of action resulting from the functions performed.
- C. A hospital, as defined in Section 1-701 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a related institution, as such terms are defined in Section 1-701 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, which has the principal purpose or function of providing hospital or medical care, including, but not limited to, any corporation, association, trust, or other organization organized and operated for such purpose, may employ one or more persons who are duly licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in this state without being regarded as itself practicing osteopathic medicine within the meaning and provisions of this section. The employment by the hospital or related institution of any person who is duly licensed

shall not, in and of itself, be considered as an act of
unprofessional conduct by the person so employed. Nothing provided
herein shall eliminate, limit, or restrict the liability for any act
or failure to act of any hospital, any hospital's employees, or
persons duly licensed to practice osteopathic medicine.

- D. Nothing in the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act shall be construed as to require an osteopathic physician to secure an Osteopathic Continuous Certification (OCC) as a condition of licensure, reimbursement, employment, or admitting privileges at a hospital in this state. For the purposes of this subsection, "Osteopathic Continuous Certification (OCC)" shall mean a continuing education program measuring core competencies in the practice of medicine and surgery and approved by a nationally-recognized nationally recognized accrediting organization.
- E. 1. An osteopathic physician licensed in good standing to practice in another state shall be exempt from the licensure requirements of the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act if either of the following apply:
 - a. the physician has a written or oral agreement with a sports team to provide care to team members and coaching staff traveling with the team for a specific sporting event to take place in this state, or
 - b. the physician has been invited by a national sport governing body to provide services to team members and

1 coaching staff at a national sport training center in 2 this state or to provide services at an event or competition in this state which is sanctioned by the 3 4 national sport governing body so long as: 5 (1) the physician's practice is limited to that required by the national sport governing body, 6 7 and the services provided by the physician are within 8 (2) 9 the physician's scope of practice. 2. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as to permit 10 an osteopathic physician exempt by the provisions of this subsection 11 12 to: provide care or consultation to any person residing in 13 a. this state, other than a person specified in paragraph 14 1 of this subsection, or 15 practice at a medical facility licensed by the State 16 b. Department of Health. 17 3. An exemption obtained under subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of 18 this subsection shall be valid while the physician is traveling with 19 20 the sports team, provided no exemption shall be longer than ten (10) days in duration for each respective sporting event. A maximum of 21 twenty (20) additional days per sporting event may be granted upon 22

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prior request to the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, provided

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1	no physician shall be exempted more than thirty (30) additional day.			
2	in a calendar year.			
3	4. An exemption obtained under subparagraph b of paragraph 1 o			
4	this subsection shall be valid during the time certified by the			
5	national sport governing body, provided no exemption shall be for			
6	longer than thirty (30) days.			
7	5. The State Board of Osteopathic Examiners may enter into			
8	agreements with medical and osteopathic licensing boards of other			
9	states to implement the provisions of this subsection. Agreements			
10	may include procedures for reporting potential medical license			
11	violations.			
12	6. The State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall promulgate			
13	rules to implement the provisions of this subsection.			
14	SECTION 14. This act shall become effective January 1, 2026.			
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